Suffering at the end of life - an orthodox perspective

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Suffering in an incurable illness

- Helplessness
- Fears concerning self and worries for the bellowed ones
- Battle / augmentation of passions that can color suffering and intensify it
- Challenge of values
- Thoughts about own mortality
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Remember Your Death
An Orthodox Christian Medical Directive

“In everything you do, remember your end, and you will never sin.” Sirach 7:36

“No one who has acquired the remembrance of death will ever be able to sin.”

Hesychius the Horebite as quoted by St John Climacus in The Ladder of Divine Ascent

Death today
A Problem To Be Solved

• The biomedical healthcare model emphatically denies the reality of death.

• Its approach is wedded to the modern notion of progress: “It’s just a matter of time before we conquer aging, etc!”

Death as transition

• Suffering is an inherent component of our mortal condition, as is dying.

• In the Nicene Creed, “…He was crucified under Pontius Pilate, suffered, and was buried and resurrected …”

Paschal Troparion

Christ has risen from the dead, Trampling down death by death, And upon those in the tombs bestowing life!

Petre’s Story

• “The Son of God makes use even of the death in order to defeat it. He over turns the sense of death and it is used by Him as means of defeating it and of entering as man in the eternal life”.
  • Pr.Prof.Dumitru Stăniloae, Chipul nemuritor al lui Dumnezeu, Craiova, 1986, p.186

• 11 years, part of large family
• All family members are deaf and mute
• Family living in poor conditions
• Renal cancer with bone secondary’s unresponsive to chemotherapy
• Because of severe pain he has to be admitted in the hospice although he would like to stay at home
### Who is suffering

- The patient
- The family and community around him/her
- The professionals who witness the suffering and offer care

### Suffering occurs in persons

- Human body - “temple of the Holy Spirit” (1Co.6:19)
- The human body is **animated** and the soul is **embodied,**
  - Olivier Clement, 1996, Trupul morții și al slavei, Scurtă introducere la o teapoetică a trupului, București, Editura Christiana, p.8
- The body must be understood not for a single moment, not even theoretically, apart from its deep relationship with the soul, and this natural solidarity manifests itself in various ways. The human being fundamentally belongs both to the earthly and to the heavenly world, but the person must undergo an endless movement of ascent

### Curing and healing

- **Curing** refers to the physiological reconstruction of the physical body,
- **Healing** has many meanings
  - inner peace,
  - forgiveness,
  - removing the stigma (disease associated with sin)
  - eliminating social barriers - the man with leprosy, told in the Gospel of Saint Mark (1:40-45)

### Essential Elements of Healing

- Transformation of suffering
- Reconciliation
- Acquaintance with one’s death
- Silence
- Gratitude and Worship
- Communion

### Transformation of Suffering

- Relief of pain and other forms of physical distress (i.e., symptoms) do not end suffering. However, good symptom relief makes it easier to fully explore and address the deeper spiritual issues that underlie one’s suffering.
Reconciliation

Reconciliation

It is necessary to prepare for death through a stern and liberating process of coming to terms with life, making one’s peace with everyone, with oneself, with one’s conscience, with one’s circumstances, with the present and the past, with events and with people – and indeed with the future, the coming of death itself. … One cannot enter into eternity tied and fettered by hatred.

Metropolitan Anthony Bloom

Acquaintance with One’s Death

• For the patient to know the ‘diagnosis’ is critical. Although the diagnosis may be terrible (e.g., metastatic cancer), not knowing it robs patients of the ability to directly confront the evil facing them and may add to their suffering.

Acceptance versus Denial

“The sick one who is familiar with his illness is easily cured, and the one who acknowledges his pain is close to healing.”

St. Isaac of Syria

Silence

Hesychia and Kenosis

• A life-threatening illness can focus one’s attention like nothing else; becoming aware of our mortal nature, but as a realistic perception grounded in the hope of the Resurrection.

• living this, can then be our kenosis, a stripping away of the ‘noise’ so that real silence - hesychia can be experienced.

• Then we can really begin to listen.

Gratitude and Worship

• As Orthodox Christians, healing also includes giving glory and thanks to God - it is doxological and eucharistic.

• Christ cured ten lepers of their leprosy in Luke 17:11-19 and one (the Samaritan) who glorified God and gave thanks was healed.

• Our worship is a source of healing, if it gives glory and thanksgiving to God regardless of our condition and the apparent outcome.

Communion

• Ultimately, healing is all about communion (Greek: koinonia) or fellowship – a deep, intimate relationship with God and our neighbor. “Love one another as I have loved you.” (John 15:12)

• Communion in the Christian sense, is an intimacy between persons modeled on and enervated by the continuous love flowing between the persons of the Holy Trinity.
When we have reached love, we have reached God and our journey is complete. We have crossed over to the island which lies beyond the world…

St Isaac of Syria

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**Holy sacraments collective experiences**

The Holy Sacrament of Unction

- provides a deep sense of solidarity due to Bible readings, prayers and anointing itself all those present are anointed with holy oil: the sick, the healthy, the priests and all others and creates a special bond between the patient and others.

Deepest sense of communion is given by celebration of the Holy Liturgy followed by the reception of Holy Communion, the Body and Blood of Christ, by which we acquire consanguinity with both mystical Christ and with other participants

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**Is suffering the ultimate evil for a human being?**

- If Yes - everything is permitted to end it included killing the person who suffers
- If NO – we believe suffering can bring human growth and healing of the sick person and those around them

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‘God whispers to us in our pleasures, speaks in our conscience, but shouts in our pains: it is His megaphone to rouse a deaf world.’

C.S. Lewis

*The Problem of Pain*

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**Evolving definition of palliative care**

Palliative care is about the relief of suffering for patients with a chronic progressive illness, quality of life for them and their families, support of families in the bereavement period.

“A Christian ending to our life, painless, blameless, peaceful, and a good defense before the dread judgment seat of Christ, let us ask”

Holy Liturgy

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“Suffering, therefore, can become an effective means for creating a deep and intimate communion with Christ and with the afflicted members of his Body.”

Breck, J. *The Sacred Gift of Life*, p. 221; SVS Press